WISCONSIN WELL AND PRESSURE SYSTEM INSPECTION FORM

The Department of Natural Resources (DNR) recommends the use of this form for inspections of well and pressure systems. DNR also recommends that inspections be performed by licensed well drillers or pump installers. Use of this form does not imply DNR approval of the well and pressure system. After the pressure tank DILHR (Department of Industry, Labor and Human Relations) plumbing rules apply. Inspection fees many years

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Comments or Repairs Needed:						181 * * * * 181 * * 180 *		
imply or give any kind of guarantee. It of inspection.	is a statem	ent of the opini	on of the inspect	or regarding the con	pliance and op	eration of the system	at the time	
The information on this form lists facts	and condit	ions of the visil	ole portions of the	e well and pressure	system at the ti	me of inspection and	does not	
Yes D	No [Yes No		☐ Yes ☐				
6. Conclusions & Water System Working Correct	Visited Property of the Visite	ole Portions Cor n Effect At Tin	nply Withch. NR ne Of Installation	Well Abandonme Needed?	nt Variance	Exists? Yes (Des No N	cribe)	
NV.			☐ Yes ☐ N	O Yes	No			
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		Milp Diaw	ibe iviatetiai Rei	ore Pressure I ank	Water Q	uality Characteristics		
Pump Installer's Name		Amp Draw F	Sine Material Def	ore Pressure Tank	111			
Pump Name & Type				e In Crawl S		Building In Ponnections?	umphouse	
5. Pump Data Location: In V	Vell 🗆	In Basement	☐ In Pit/Alcov		C T	D.:14:	Control of Market Market	
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Well Located In Floodplain? Well Pro			ntamination Sou				-	
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Well Location:	wemory	□ M	easurement			4		
4. Well Data From: Well Con		THE CANADA CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE PA		onstructed By		Approx. Year We		
of Section; TN;	R	□E □W				High Capacit ☐ No ☐ Yes		
Gov't Lot # or	1/4 of _	1/4		que Well No. High (Ex. barn, restar	urant, church, school		
Subdivision Name	ot#	Block#	Well serves_	# of homes and/	or			
Ond of Street Address of Road Name a	r (11 available)	3. Source Information	Source Drilled	Driven Other	Point Dug	☐ Spring		
Information Grid or Street Address or Road Name and Number (if available)							15 15	
2. Location County of Water System	m Location	1	1					
City, State, Zip Code								
Mailing Address			-					
Owner's Name Teleph		one Number						
City, State, Zip Code								
Iviatility Address								
Mailing Address	3.5							
hispection requested by	Teleph	one Number						
1. General Inspection Requested By								

Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources

Phone Number

DNR License Number

Date Signed

Form 3300-221 Rev. 11-94 If a well and pressure system complies with the code in effect at the time it was installed, generally no upgrading is necessary. However, because the current code reflects the latest knowledge concerning drinking water safety, the inspector is encouraged to note items which do not meet the current code and the owner is encouraged to upgrade their system to the current code requirements.

If a well and pressure system does not comply with the code in effect at the time it was installed, it must be upgraded to the standards for new installations.

This sheet summarizes major code requirements and when they became effective. For more information, the inspector should refer to the Existing Installation section of the October 1, 1994 code edition or the code in effect at the time of installation.

COMMONLY ENCOUNTERED WELL & PUMP CODE (ch. NR 812) VIOLATIONS

Unprotected Buried Suction Line Noncomplying Pit or Alcove (Sub-surface pumproom) Basement Well Location Stovepipe Casing Unsanitary Dug Well Poor Casing Condition Shallow Casing Depth Well Subject to Flooding Unabandoned or Improperly Abandoned Well Water Tests Bacti Unsafe Well Too Close to Contaminant Source Well Located in Floodway/Floodplain Well Directly Downslope From Contam. Source Casing Height Too Low Nonpressure Conduit® Noncomplying Seal or Cap Yard Hydrant (Improperly Installed) Substandard Pump & Supply Piping Noncomplying Pitless Adapter or Unit Noncomplying Check Valve Location Noncomplying Sampling Faucet or Location

eprior to 1991, nonpressure conduits were only allowed for wells serving 3 or fewer private residences. After February 1, 1991, they were not allowed for any new installation.

PITS AND SUBSURFACE PUMPROOMS

The construction of a new pit, be it for a pump, pressure tank or a well, was banned by the 1953 well construction/pump installation code unless it had written approval and met stringent standards. Pits are subject to flooding and are a sanitary hazard to a well and water system. See NR 812.36 for new pit approval requirements.

Pits constructed prior to April 10, 1953, must meet NR 812.42(2), summarized below:

- Reinforced water-tight poured concrete construction. If pit is continuously dry and free of cracks, walls may be concrete block.
- 2. Poured concrete floor and the junction between walls and floor is watertight.
- 3. The roof or deck is at or above ground surface.
- Access is provided through a manhole opening with a 4-inch raised curbing or a cast iron manhole frame and cover with gasket.
- 5. Casing height is at least 6 inches above floor.
- Water does not enter through the floor, walls or roof.
- 7. The water is continuously bacteriologicallysafe.

It is not permissible to upgrade a cracked pit, a pit with roof below grade, a pit with evidence of water or a pit with an earthen floor.

Note: Subsurface pumproom pits (alcoves) have some different requirements.

To abandon a pit, extend casing 12 inches above grade, perforate or remove one wall and perforate floor if it's concrete, and fill pit with clean native compacted soil. Subsurface pump rooms attached to a basement need not be filled under most circumstances.

A PARTIAL LIST OF CONTAMINATION SOURCES REQUIRING A SEPARATION DISTANCE FROM A WELL

Distar	Date	
2	Building Overhang	1936
8	Building Drain/Cast Iron or Plastic	1936
8	Building Sewer/Cast Iron or Plastic	1936
8	Clearwater Sump/Watertight	1991
	Contaminant Source Not In Code	1991
8	Downspout/Yard Hydrant	1951
8	Foundation Drain to Clearwater	1951
8	Foundation Drain to Sewer	1951
8	Noncomplying Pit	1975
25	Wastewater Sump/Cast Iron	1991*
25	Barn Gutter	1975
25	Building Drain/Other Material	1975
25	Building Sewer/Other Material	1936
25		1975*
25	Buried Home Heating Oil Tank	1975
25	Manure Pipe/Gravity/	
	Cast Iron or Plastic	1991*
25	Manure Pipe/Pressure/	
	Cast Iron or Plastic	1981*
25	Paved Animal Barn Pen	1975
25	Septic or Holding Tank	1951
25	Shoretine/Swimming Pool	1975
50	Animal Yard or Shelter	1975
50	Collector Storm or Sanitary Sewer	1975
50	Manure Pipe/Pressure/Other	
	Material	1975*
50	NA CLEAN AND COMMITTEE OF COMMI	1951
50	1 m f - m f - 1 m f	1951
50	Silo With Pit	1975
50		1991*
100		1975
250	State publishers and an experience of the same	1991*
1200	Landfill	1975

*Earlier distances were less stringent. Check the

There are additional contamination sources with separation distances in the well code. See ch. NR 812.

WELL ABANDONMENT

Wells that are unsafe, unused or noncomplying must be properly abandoned according to ch. NR 812. DNR recommends that you hire a licensed well driller or pump installer to do this work. For more information on well abandonment, call a licensed well driller or pump installer; or if necessary, call the Department of Natural Resources.

WATER TREATMENT

For information on water treatment contact the Department of Natural Resources.

BASEMENT WELLS

Basement wells were banned by the well code in 1953. They are subject to flooding, a sanitary hazard and a threat to groundwater. Basement wells are not needed because pitless adapters/units provide for an underground water line connection below frost level from the well to the basement.

Wells are allowed in <u>walkout</u> basements if you can walk outside <u>without</u> walking upstairs or uphill.

A basement well is noncomplying if:

- It was installed in the basement <u>before</u>
 April 10, 1953 <u>and</u>:
 - It was installed too close to a contamination source or a contamination source was later installed too close to the well; or
 - 2. The well has less than 25 feet of pipe for a driven point well, less than 10 feet of pipe into bedrock for a sandstone well, or is not eased through unbroken bedrock for a limestone well:
 - 3. The condition of the basement or well is unsanitary; or
 - The well produces bacteriologically unsafe water after three reasonable attempts at chlorination;
 - 5. The well poses a threat to groundwater or to any home's water supply.
- It was installed in the basement on or after April 10, 1953 and formerly used as a potable well. The owner is responsible to prove the well's age.
- It was installed in a basement <u>before</u>
 February 1, 1991 for nonpotable use and is a threat to groundwater quality.
- It was installed in the basement on or after February 1, 1991, for any purpose.
- It was installed in a walkout basement in poor condition or the well produces unsafe water.

Screens may not be replaced on driven point wells. When a screen needs replacement, the driven point well must be permanently abandoned.

For more basement well information contact the Department of Natural Resources.

VARIANCES

A variance is a special DNR approval that allows an owner to continue use of a water system when strict compliance with the code is not feasible. Comparable sanitary protection must be provided.

There must be good justification for issuing a variance (e.g., there is no other feasible location for the well on the property). Variance requests must be signed by the owner of the property.

WATER TESTING

For information on water testing, contact the Department of Natural Resources